



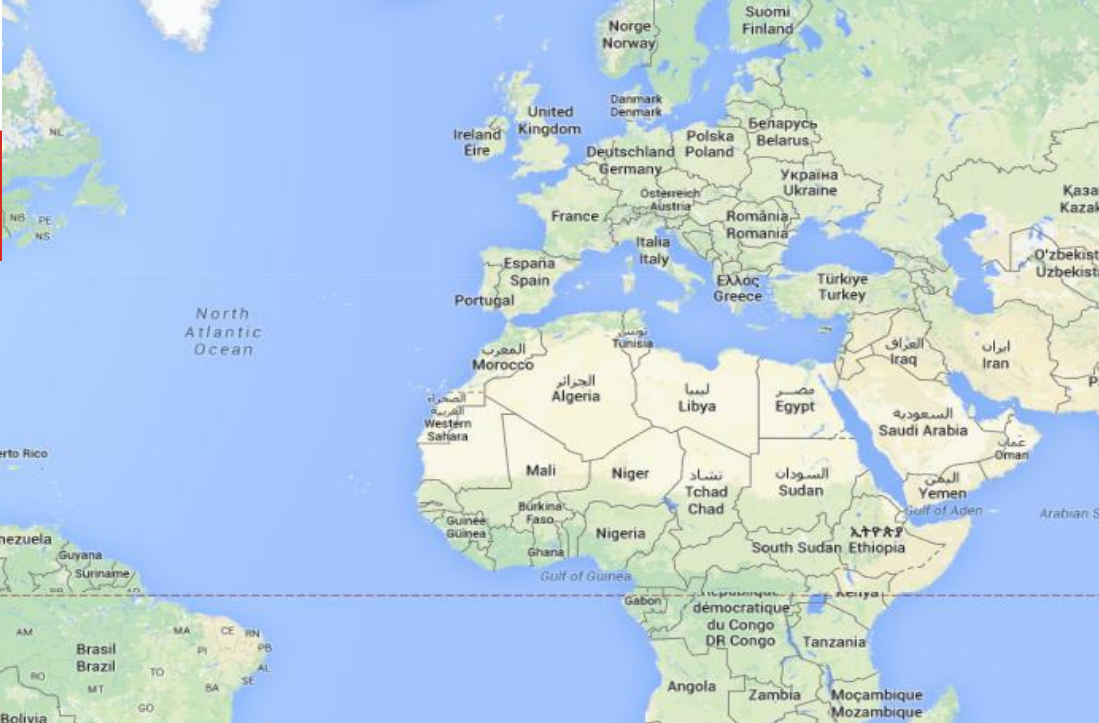
UNIVERSIDAD
SAN SEBASTIAN
VOCACIÓN POR LA EXCELENCIA



Taller de Escritura Científica. Parte 1

Dr. Alvaro Muñoz-Castro
UCSM, 2025





CV Dr. Alvaro Muñoz Castro

- Investigador Sénior | Profesor Titular | Asesor en Investigación
- Químico
- Sociedades:
 - ChemPhysChem, A Journal of ChemPubSoc Europe. (2018-2026)
 - Academia Chilena de Ciencias | LatinXChem
- Publicaciones:
 - ~330 WoS articles (5% USS 2023-2024)
 - ~5 book chapters
 - ~350 revisiones por pares
 - (2020-2023 2%)
- Proyectos:
 - FONDECYT Regular 1221676
 - FONDECYT Exploración 13220074
 - <http://www.amclab.cl> @amclabs (X)
 - <https://researchers.uss.cl/es/persons/alvaro-muñoz-castro>

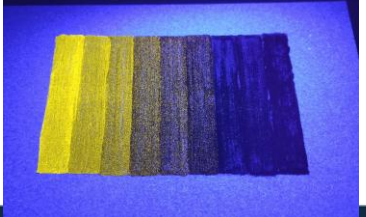


CV Dr. Alvaro Muñoz Castro

- Dr. Alvaro Muñoz Castro
 - Químico (PUC),
 - Dr. Físicoquímica Molecular (UNAB),
 - Investigador Prof. Titular USS
-
- Química Inorgánica
 - Química Computacional
 - **Enlace Químico**
 - Cúmulos Metálicos (Clusters)
 - Propiedades Magnéticas

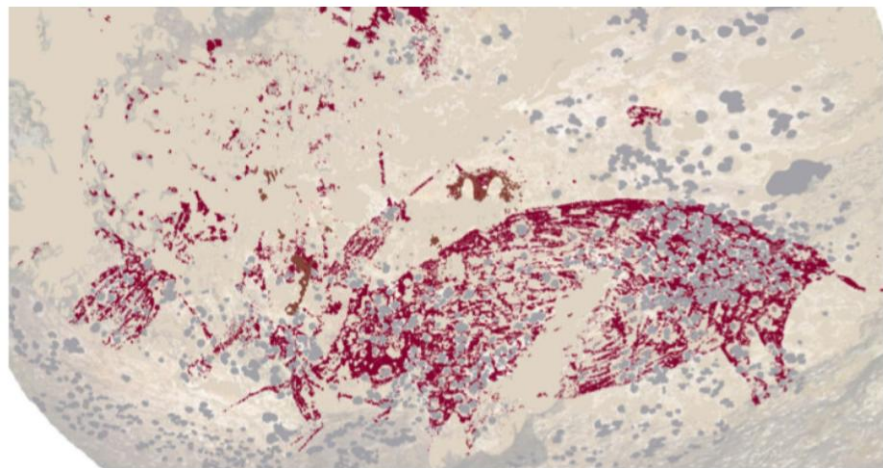


TABLA PERIÓDICA DE LOS ELEMENTOS



¿Cuál es el impacto de publicar?

Publicación como actividad humana

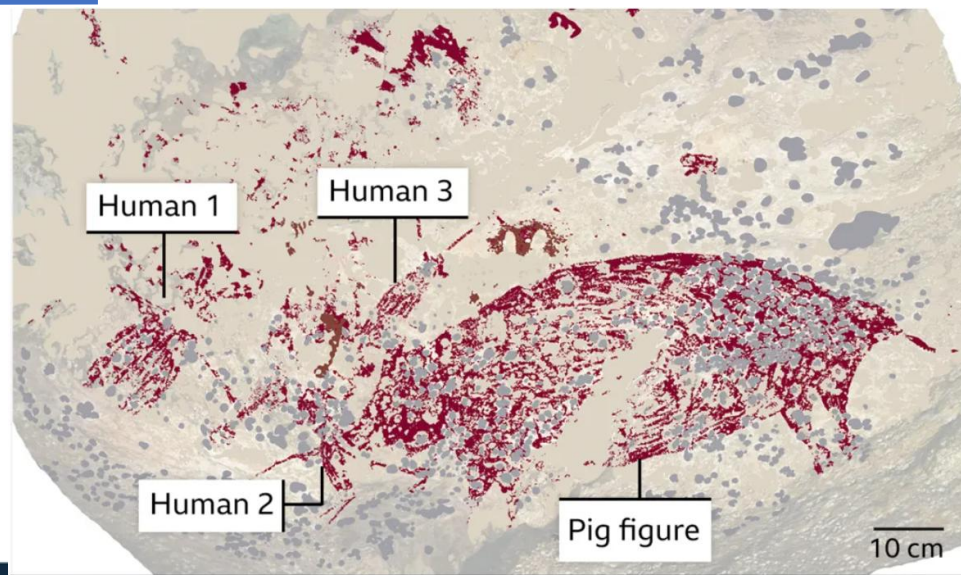


51,200 años

[10.1038/s41586-024-07541-7](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-024-07541-7)

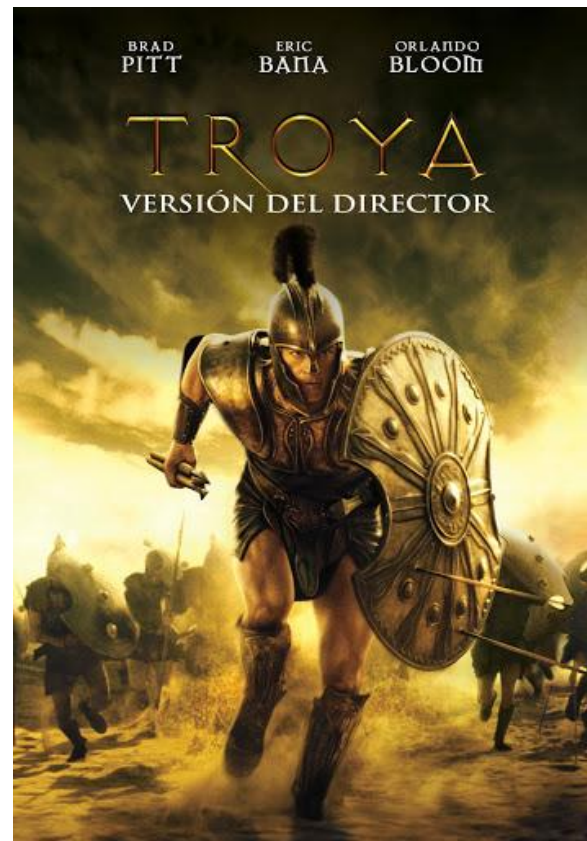


The paintings were found in the caves of Karampuang Hill in the Indonesian Island of South Sulawesi





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Niño pequeño- "Ese tesalonio con el que estás peleando... ¡es el tipo más grande que he visto en mi vida! No quisiera pelear con él".



Aquiles- "Por eso nadie va a recordar tu nombre".



SJR

Scimago Journal & Country Rank



Clarivate
Web of Science[™]

Decifrar problemas o dudas, que aún no han sido resueltas, para así extender el conocimiento **local** y **global**.

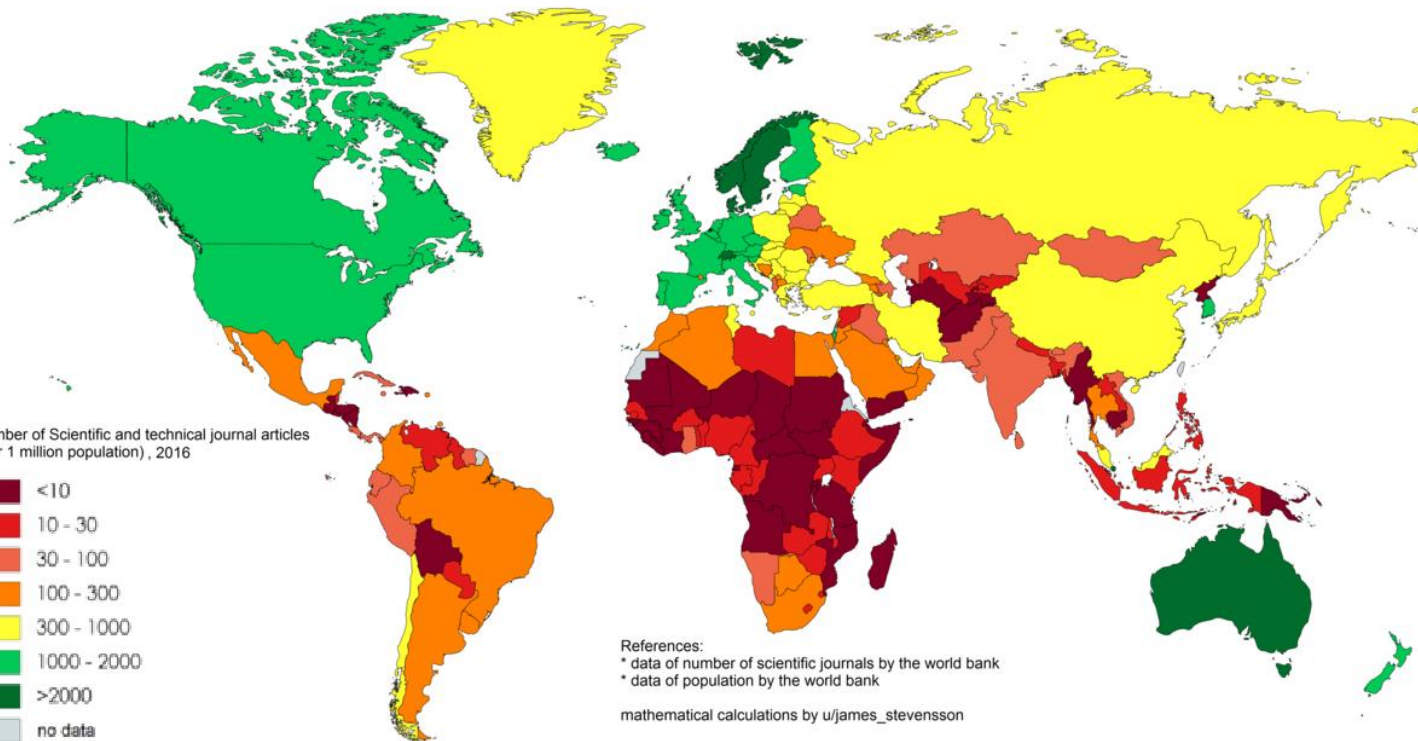
Construcción de Conocimiento: ¿Por qué Publicar?

Comunicar resultados de la investigación científica, mediante artículos, ponencias y conferencias, entre otros mecanismos, es esencial, pues, como comúnmente se reconoce, **investigación que no se publica no existe**.

Se puede decir que la investigación culmina al ser publicada en una revista científica; solo así será conocida por la comunidad académica, sus resultados serán discutidos y su contribución hará parte del conocimiento científico universal. **Revisión por pares**.

Algunos expertos consideran que la investigación va más lejos, al sugerir que termina cuando el lector comprende el artículo, es decir, no basta solo con publicar, es necesario que la audiencia entienda claramente su contenido. **Citaciones**.

Construcción de Conocimiento: ¿Por qué Publicar?



Generación de conocimientos, solución de problemas locales y globales.

Investigación Científica **Básica** / **Aplicada**

La investigación científica, entendida como el conjunto de procesos sistemáticos y empíricos aplicados al estudio de un fenómeno, es dinámica, cambiante y evolutiva; puede ser: **Básica**, al producir conocimiento y teorías, o **Aplicada**, al resolver problemas prácticos.



TABLA PERIÓDICA DE LOS ELEMENTOS



H	He																	Hg
Li	Be	O										B	C	N	O	F	Ne	
Na	Mg											Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar	
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr	
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe	
Cs	Ba	Lu	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn	
Fr	Ra	Lr	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hf	Mt	Ds	Cn	Mc	Nh	Fl	Mc	Lv	Ts	Og	
Lanthanides and Actinides																		
La Ce Pr Nd Pm Sm Eu Gd Tb Dy Ho Er Tm Yb Lu																		
Ac Th Pa U Np Pu Am Cm Bk Cf Es Fm Md No Lr																		



Divulgación Científica

Comunicar Investigación/conocimiento



1. Contribuir a la construcción colectiva del conocimiento.
2. Desmitificar el misterio de publicar.
- Conduce al fortalecimiento de la confianza del autor.
3. Estimular la autocrítica.
4. Generar nuevas habilidades.
5. Fomentar la educación continua.
6. Contribuir al mejoramiento de la calidad en la práctica profesional.

¡A publicar se aprende publicando! | **Actividad humana** | **Constante mejora**

Pino Buchillón, *Revista Progaleno Vol1(1)2018*

Las diversas formas de Comunicar Investigación/conocimiento

Las revistas académicas publican contenido en diferentes formatos, no solo artículos de investigación originales.

Algunas formas de literatura académica requieren investigación original (**literatura primaria**) y algunas se basan en otro trabajo publicado (**literatura secundaria**). Diversas formas, dado diversidades de actividades humanas.



Las diversas formas de Comunicar Investigación/conocimiento

A pesar de ser distintas revistas, **TODAS SIGUEN UN PATRON EN COMÚN.**

El objetivo final es comunicar la investigación, por ende hay un **formato común** que acomoda esta entrega de información como resultado de todas las décadas de realización de esta actividad a nivel mundial.

Como investigador debo analizarlo, para poder redactar informes o artículos, dado el objetivo de comunicar en sociedad.



Antes de comenzar,
debo conocer en que sociedad deseo involucrarme.

SJR

Scimago Journal & Country Rank

 Clarivate
Web of Science™

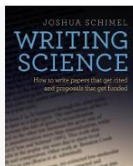


Tarea 1. Buscar en SJR y/o WoS, categorías de acuerdo a mis intereses.
¿Cuántas revistas existen?

¿Cómo comienzo/mejoro?



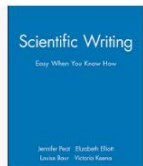
Amazon.com · Disponible
Amazon.com: Scientifi...



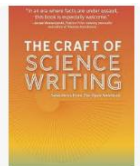
A Brilliant Mind
5 books on writing ever...



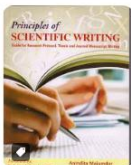
Amazon.com · Disponible
Scientific Writing and ...



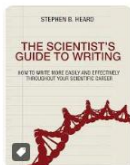
Wiley
Scientific Writing: Easy ...



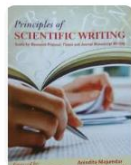
Amazon.com
The Craft of Science ...



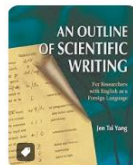
Paras Red Kart
Paras Red Kart



Amazon.com · Disp...
The Scientist's Gui...



Flipkart
Principles Of Scien...



AbeBooks · Disponi...
Outline Of Scientifi...



Scientist Sees Squirrel - WordPress.com
Some OTHER good books on scientific ...



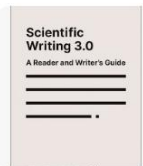
Richard Berks
5 great books on scien...



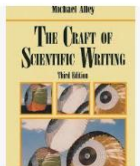
Amazon.com · Disponi...
Amazon.com: Scientific...



AbeBooks
Research Methodology...



World Scientific
Scientific Writing 3.0



SpringerLink
The Craft of Scientific ...



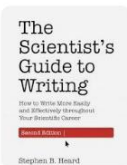
Chemical Sciences ...
Book: A Quick Gui...



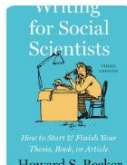
Richard Berks
5 great books on science writing - Richa...



SpringerLink
Strategic Scientific...



Princeton Universit...
The Scientist's Gui...



The University of C...
Writing for Social S...





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Writing and Publishing a Scientific Research Paper

Subhash Chandra Parija
Vikram Kate *Editors*

 Springer

Components and Structure of a Manuscript

Sitanshu Sekhar Kar and Rakhee Kar

The meaning of the paper is hidden by the way it was written – Mary Evans

I ASKED YOU TO MAKE A STRUCTURE FOR YOUR RESEARCH PAPER...
NOT FROM IT...



- Título
- Introducción
- Metodología
- Resultados
- Discusión
- Agradecimientos
- Referencias
- Notas

Title

S. Shyama Prem

Title is the key part of the article which should be designed to engage the readers attention at first sight



- Simple, preciso, y atractivo.
- ¡NUNCA GENÉRICO!

Introduction

Tamilarasu Kadhiravan and Molly Mary Thabah

Introductions should be short and arresting, and they should tell the reader why you have undertaken the study. – Richard Smith [1]

The introduction is not a data dump or an exercise in mental throat clearing. A proper introduction has a definite format and sets the tone for the remainder of the article. – MaryAnn Foote [2]



- Título
- **Introducción**
- Metodología
- Resultados
- Discusión
- Agradecimientos
- Referencias
- Notas

Background

Typhoid fever is a common illness in developing countries like India [1] and is a potential threat to developed nations, in an era of increasing air travel and global operations [2]. In the absence of appropriate chemotherapy, typhoid fever was often a fatal illness and introduction of effective antibiotic therapy in 1950s led to a sharp decline in the rates of complications and mortality due to typhoid fever [3]. However, in early 1990s multidrug-resistant strains of *Salmonella enterica* serotype *typhi* (MDR-ST) that were resistant to all the three first-line drugs then in use, namely chloramphenicol, amoxicillin and co-trimoxazole emerged, and sooner MDR-ST became endemic in many areas of Asia, including India [4]. This change in pattern of susceptibility was reflected even in places far away, such as the United Kingdom [5] and the United States of America [6]. Fluoroquinolones are very effective against MDR-ST, achieving fever clearance in less than four days with cure rates exceeding 96%, and are currently the first-line drug for the treatment of typhoid fever [7].

Describe the condition and its relevance

However, towards the end of the last decade, it was observed that fever took longer time than before to clear, and at times surprisingly failed to respond to ciprofloxacin therapy [8-10]. These isolates had comparatively higher minimal inhibitory concentrations (MIC) of fluoroquinolones, although they were susceptible to fluoroquinolones by conventional disc diffusion testing and recommended MIC breakpoints [8-10]. Nevertheless, such strains of *S. typhi* are resistant to nalidixic acid and it was noted that clinical response to fluoroquinolones in patients infected with nalidixic acid-resistant *S. typhi* (NARST) was inferior to the response in those infected with nalidixic acid-sensitive *S. typhi* (NASST) strains [11]. However, it is not clear whether fluoroquinolones can still be used as first-line drug for the treatment of typhoid fever, and if used whether this has any adverse impact on clinical outcomes other than treatment failure such as development of complications and morbidity assessed in terms of total duration of illness. In this scenario, the present study was undertaken to evaluate the impact of infection with NARST on clinical outcomes in patients with typhoid fever.

What aspect is your focus?

What is already known?

What is not known?

Why did you do this study?

• Introducción



B. Vishnu Bhat, S. Kingsley Manoj Kumar,
and G. Krishna Rao

Truth has nothing to do with conclusion and everything to do with the methodology. – Stefan Molyneux

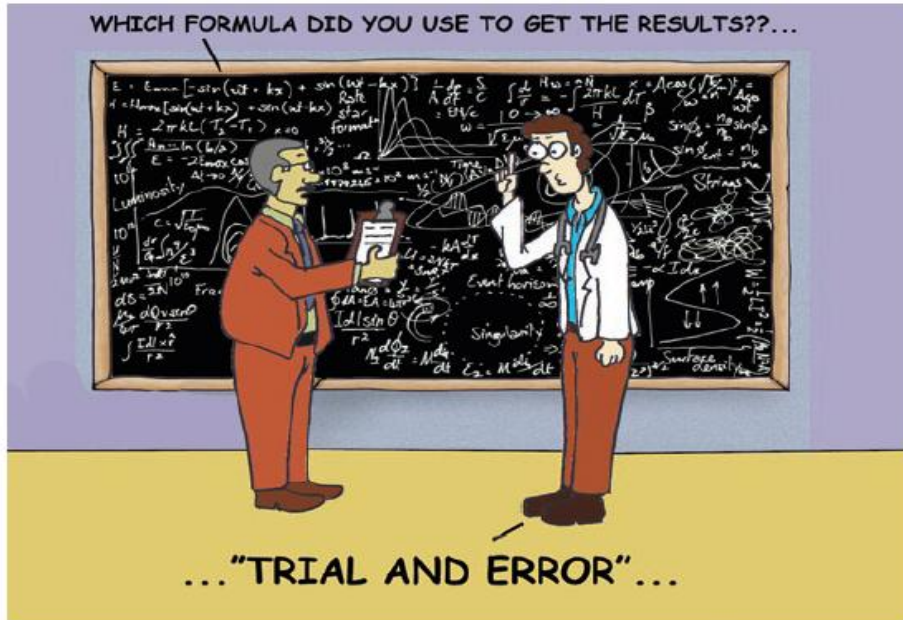
MAKING A ROCKET WILL BE EASIER THAN THIS...



- Título
- Introducción
- **Metodología**
- Resultados
- Discusión
- Agradecimientos
- Referencias
- Notas

R. Ramesh and N. Ananthakrishnan

Publish your results...results cannot always be interpreted accurately, but they can always be reported accurately. Someone else may define relevance, or the context, or the meaning of something that you have done better than you.
—Donald E. Fry

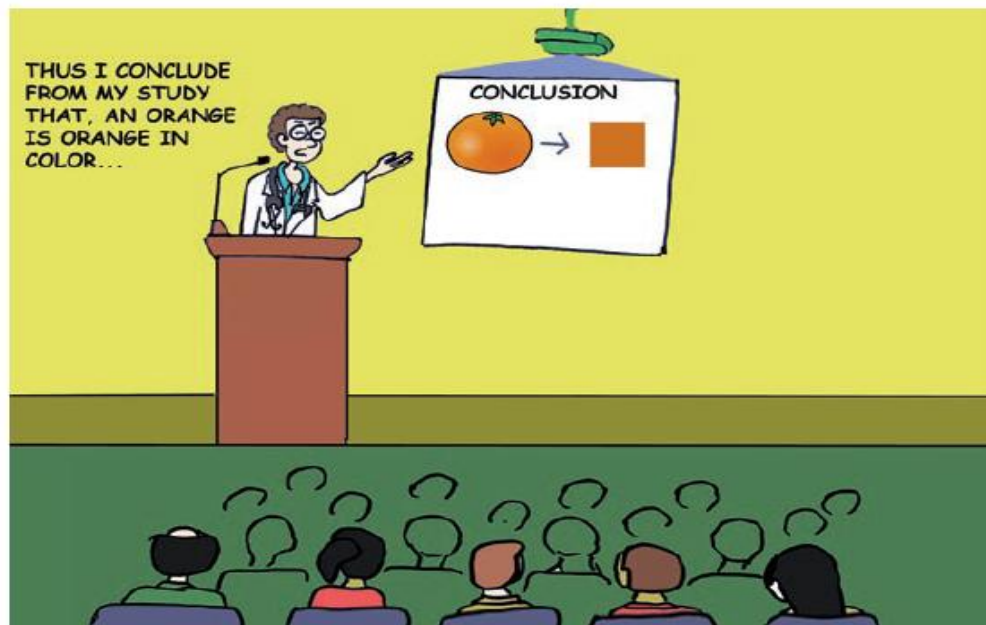


- Título
- Introducción
- Metodología
- **Resultados**
- Discusión
- Agradecimientos
- Referencias
- Notas

Discussion and Conclusion

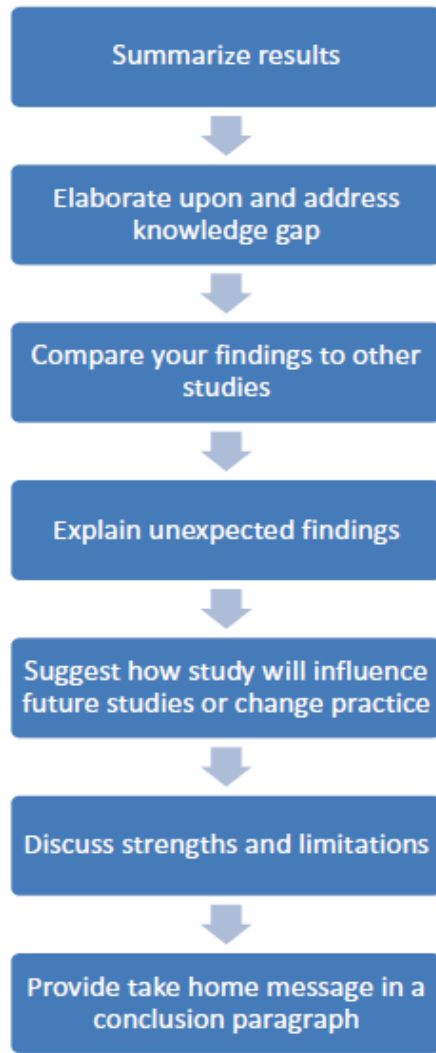
Zubair H. Aghai and David Carola

The point of a discussion, in my view, is to transcend “just the facts,” and engage in productive speculation. –Stephen Hinshaw



- Título
- Introducción
- Metodología
- Resultados
- **Discusión**
- Agradecimientos
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- Notas

Fig. 8.1 Contents and sequence of how discussion is covered



- Título
- Introducción
- Metodología
- Resultados
- **Discusión**
- Agradecimientos
- Referencias
- Notas



■ ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

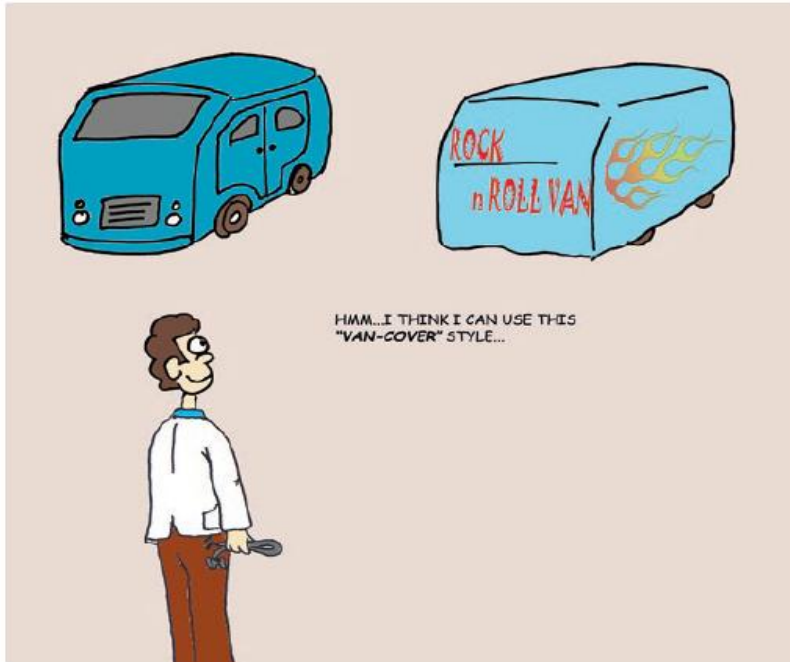
This work was supported by FONDECYT 1140359 and 1180683. We thank the CNRS and MESR (Paris) for funding, and we are grateful to the China Scholarship Council for a Ph.D. grant to P.A.

- Título
- Introducción
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- Resultados
- Discusión
- **Agradecimientos**
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References

Anup Mohta and Medha Mohta

References may be used as the ultimate authority upon which to base arguments. Alternatively, they may be a temporary authority whose validity you intend to challenge or they may be considered as obviously wrong – Taylor



- Título
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A screenshot of the Mendeley Desktop application window. The window title is "Mendeley Desktop". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "View", "Tools", and "Help". The toolbar contains icons for "Add Files", "Folders", "Related", "Share", and "Sync". A search bar is located in the top right corner. The left sidebar shows a navigation pane with sections: "Mendeley" (Literature Search), "My Library" (All Documents, Recently Added, Favorites, Needs Review, My Publications, Unsorted), "cs" (Graphics, Other Science, Create Folder...), "Groups" (Mendeley, Future of Science resources, Create Group...), and "Trash" (All Deleted Documents). Below the sidebar is a "Filter by Publications" dropdown menu with a list of publication categories. The main pane is titled "Related Documents" and shows "10 recommendations based on all documents in 'Graphics'". A "Close" button is in the top right of this pane. Below is a "Search Results" table with the following entries:

Search Results
Fields of Experts for Image-based Rendering O J Woodford; ID Reid; PHS Torr; AW F... - 2006 - Engineering
Using non-photorealistic rendering to communicate shape Amy A Gooch; B Gooch - 1999 - ACM SIGGRAPH 99 Course Notes Course on NonPhotorealistic R...
Depth Painting for Image-Based Rendering Applications Sing Bing Kang - 1998 - Tech Rep CRL
A perceptually-based heuristic codebook design algorithm K Dezhgosh; MM Jamali; SC Kwatra - 1989 - IEEE International Symposium on Circuits and Systems
Electrophysiological evidence for differential processing of numerical quantity and order Eva Turconi; B Jemel; B Rossion; X Seron - 2004 - Brain Research
Proposal for a Multiagent Architecture for Self-Organizing Systems (MA-SOS) N Perozo; J Aguilar; O Terán - 2008 - Lecture Notes in Computer Science including subseries Lec...
Radiance Transfer Biclustering for Real-time All-frequency Bi-scale Rendering. Xin Sun; Q Hou; Z Ren; K Zhou; B Guo - 2010 - IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphi...
On the compression of image based rendering scene Jin Li Jin Li; H Shum; YZY Zhang - 2000 - Proceedings 2000 International Conference on Image Proces...
Electrophysiological evidence for numerosity processing in infancy. Andrea Berger - 2011 - Developmental Neuropsychology
The Key to Successful Machinery Protection William B Brown - 1975 - IEEE Transactions on Industry Applications

The right pane shows the details of the selected document, "Depth Painting for Image-Based Rendering Applications". It includes a "Details" tab, a "Notes" tab, and a "Save Reference" button. The document type is "Journal Article". The authors are "S. Kang". The journal is "Tech Rep CRL", year is "1998", volume is "1-4", and pages are "1-4". The abstract text is: "We describe a system that functions as a painter's tool for adding a third dimension in single images. In contrast with Horry et al.'s Tour into the picture system S, which adds the third dimension to the single image through polygons and planar regions, our system provides a means for more expressive depth variations that result in more realistic rendering. The key to intuitive depth painting is the use of four auxiliary side views in the interface that allows the user to observe direct changes to depth. In addition to a host of local and region-based operations, depth painting also involves the option to pad regions within the image so as to remove holes or gaps when viewed at novel camera poses. Finally, the resulting image wit..." The "Tags" section is empty.

- Identificador único digital. DOI (Digital Object Identifier)

DOI: 10.1021/acs.jpcc.8b10190
J. Phys. Chem. C 2019, 123, 915–921



Prefix [allocated] Suffix [chosen by institution]

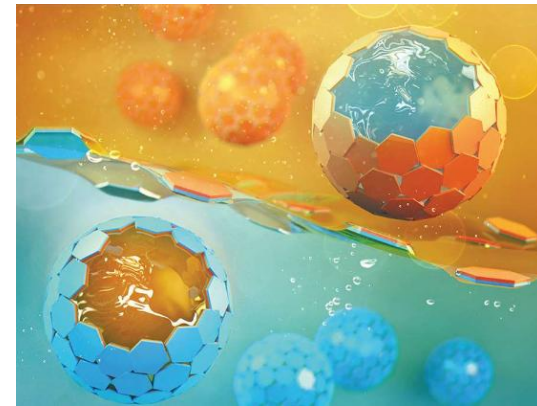
<http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6969-1>

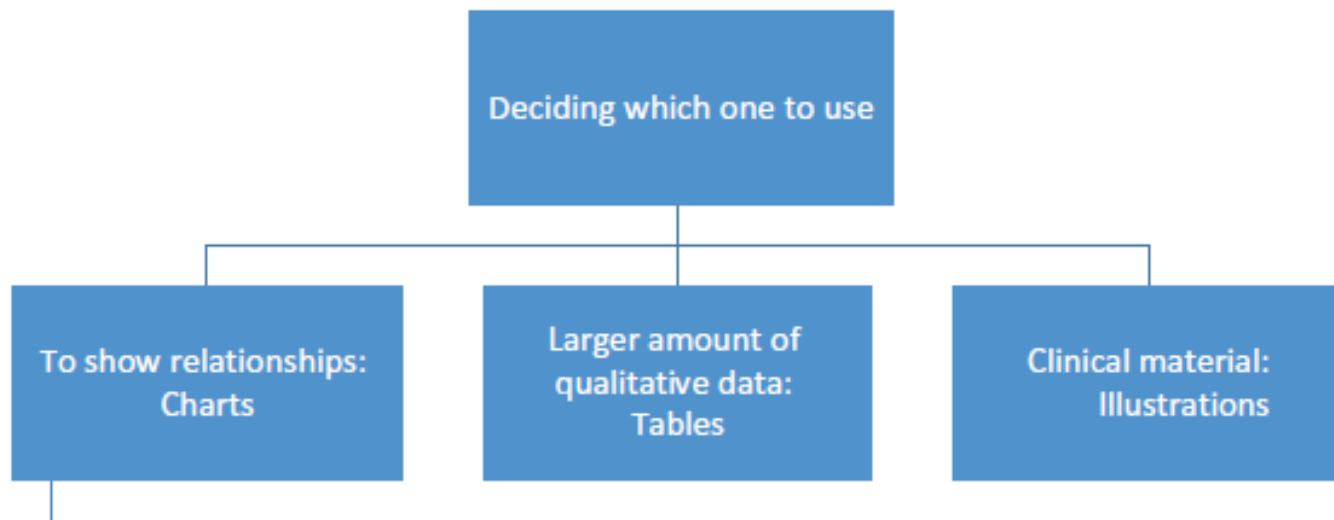
URL of DOI DOI Registrant Object: British Social
Foundation server registry (UK Data Archive) Attitudes Survey, 2010
for directing users
to the DOI

Figures, Tables and Supporting Material

Dinker Pai, Soon Kyit Chua, and Suneet Sood

Illustrations are the glue that can hold the attention of the reader.





Effect of intervention on study methods and effectiveness among SNACS group of student

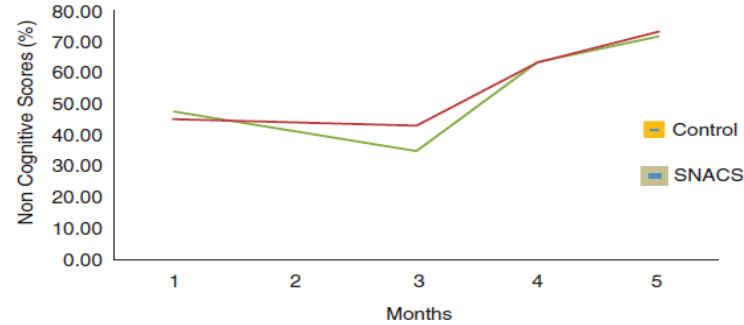


Fig. 7.7 Good line graph

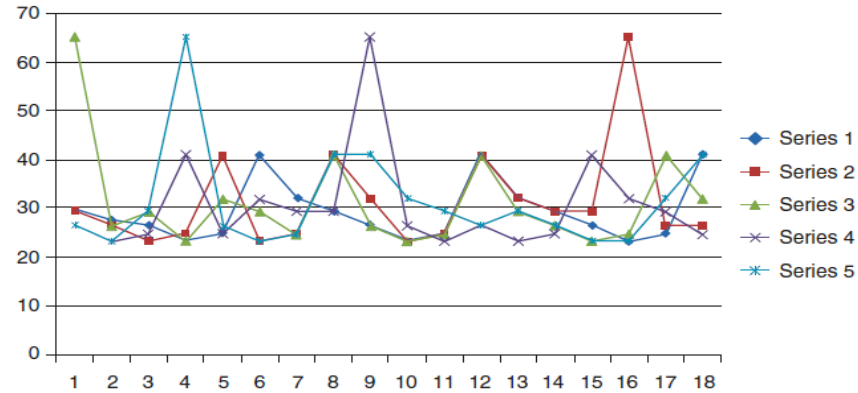


Fig. 7.8 Cluttered line graph

Choosing a Journal for Paper Submission and Methods of Submission

Vikram Kate, Madhuri Parija Halder,
and Subhash Chandra Parija

If it wasn't published, it wasn't done. – E.H. Miller 1993



Revision of an Article and How to Deal with the Rejected Manuscript

Vikram Kate and Raja Kalayarasan

Rejection is nothing more than a necessary step in the pursuit of success. – Bo Bennet



How to deal with a rejected manuscript

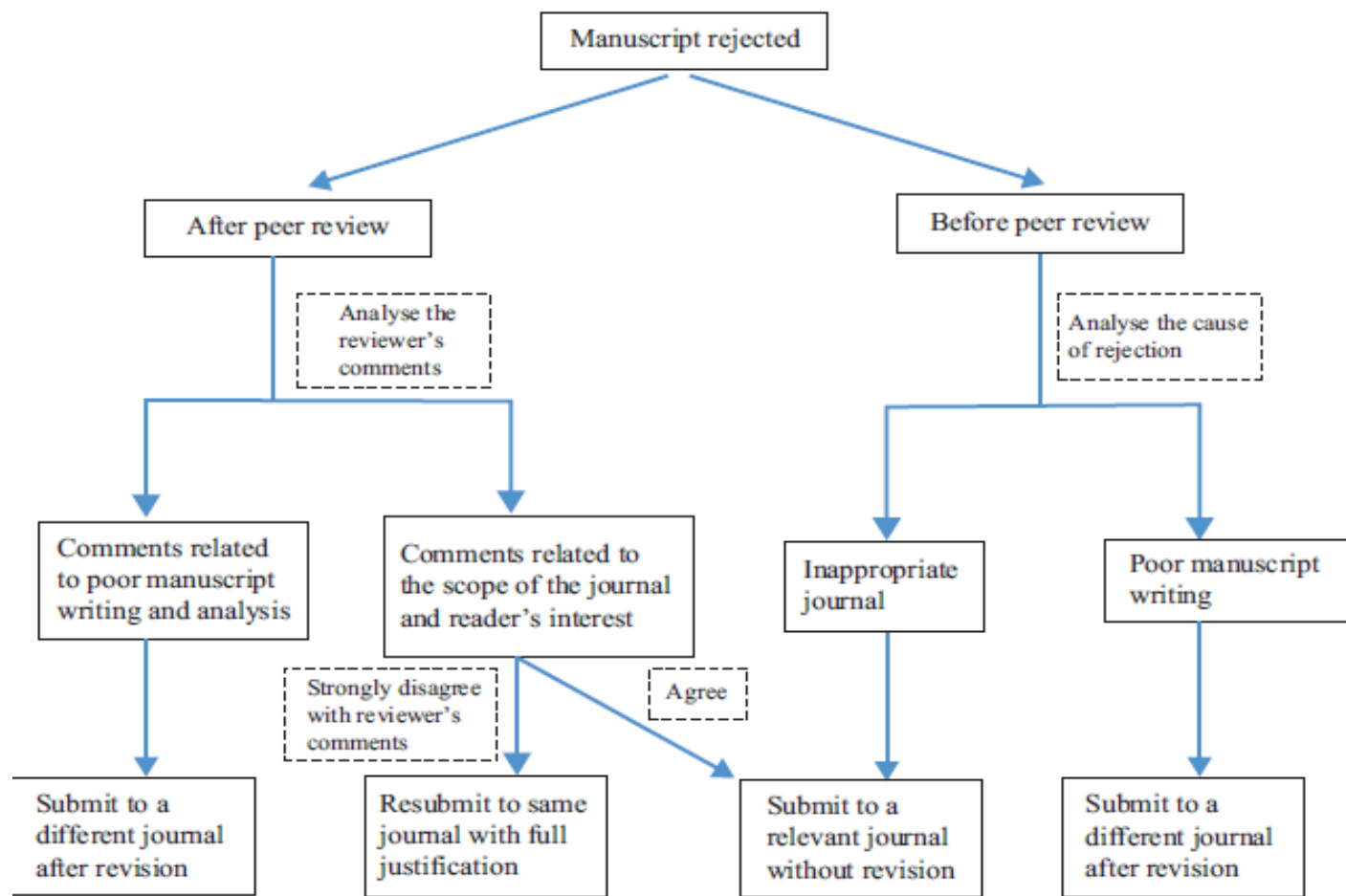


Fig. 12.1 Shows an algorithmic approach to deal with a rejected manuscript

Authorship and Contributorship

Akash Shukla and Avinash Supe

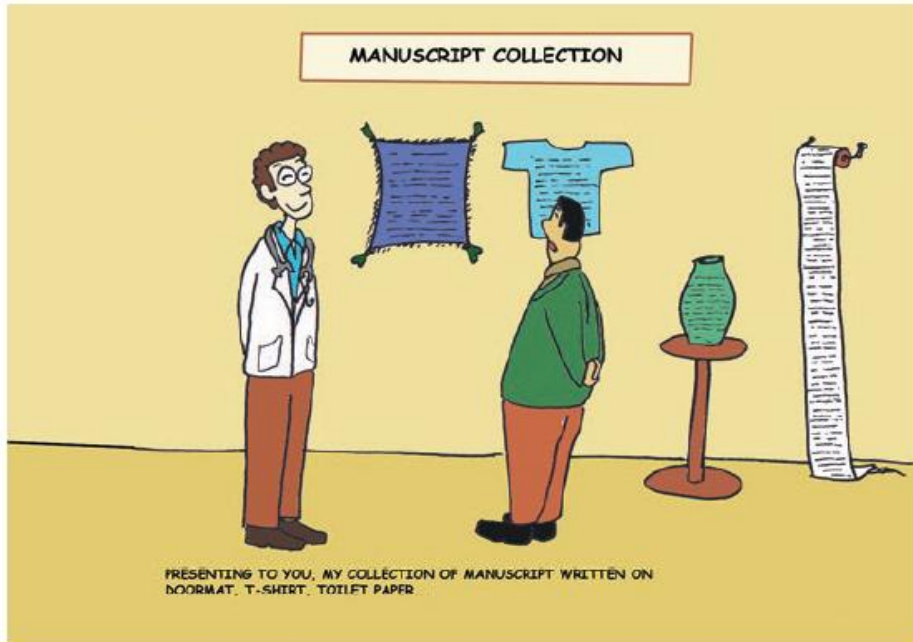
*If you haven't done the work, don't put your name on it.
If you put your name on the paper, then you are stuck with it.*
– CF Wooley



Types of Manuscripts

Rajive Mathew Jose and Kiruthika Sivasubramanian

As far as he can achieve it, readability is as important for the scientific writer as it is for the novelist. – Donald O. Hebb



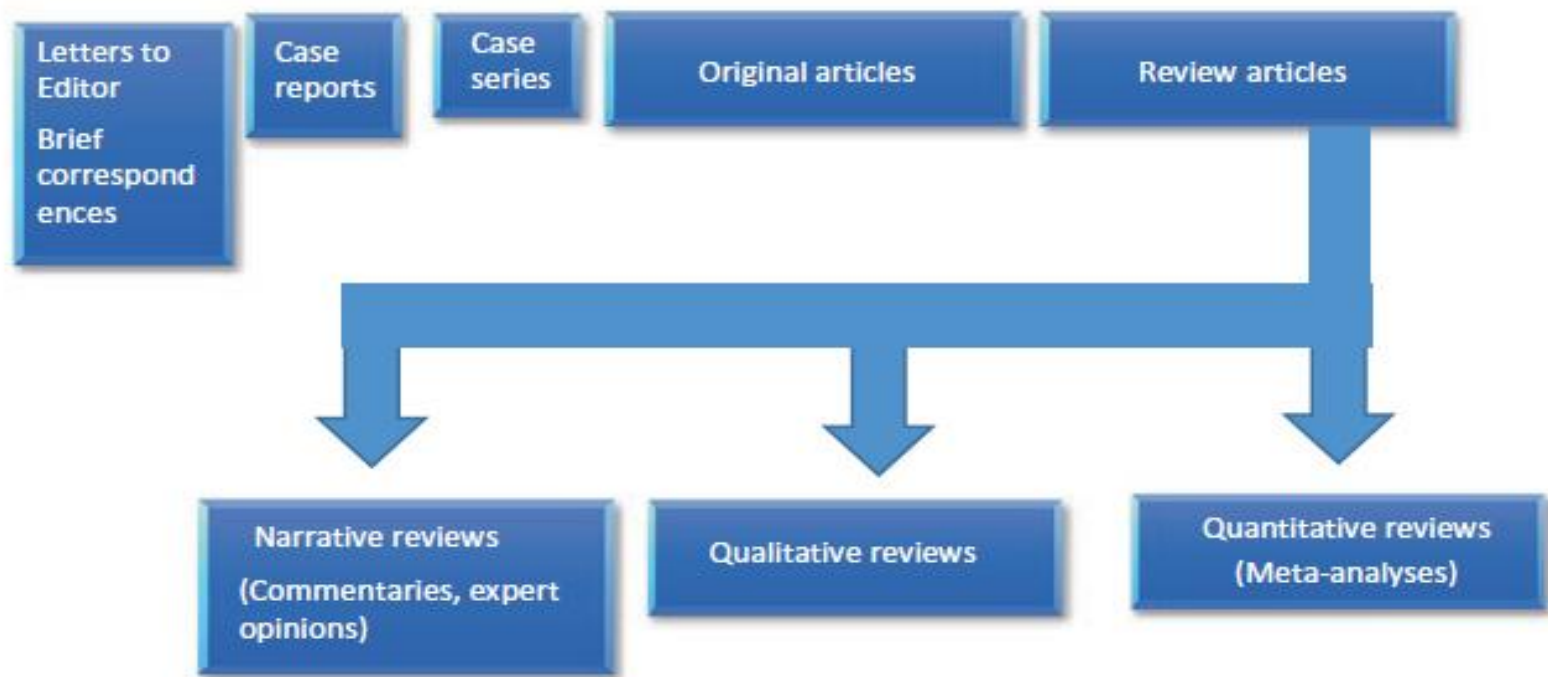


Fig. 14.1 Types of manuscripts

What Does a Reviewer Look into a Manuscript

Devinder Mohan Thappa and Malathi Munisamy

Science has a culture that is inherently cautious and that is normally not a bad thing. You could even say conservative, because of the peer review process and because the scientific method prizes uncertainty and penalises anyone who goes out on any sort of a limb that is not held in place by abundant and well-documented evidence. – Al Gore



- **Título**
- **Resumen**
- **Introducción**
- **Metodología**
- **Resultados**
- **Discusión Conclusiones**
- **Agradecimientos**
- **Referencias**
- **Notas**

- -Compartir mismos conceptos y términos
- -Repetir palabras claves
- -Deben ser textos distintos



- **Título**
- **Resumen**
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- Resultados
- Discusión **Conclusiones**
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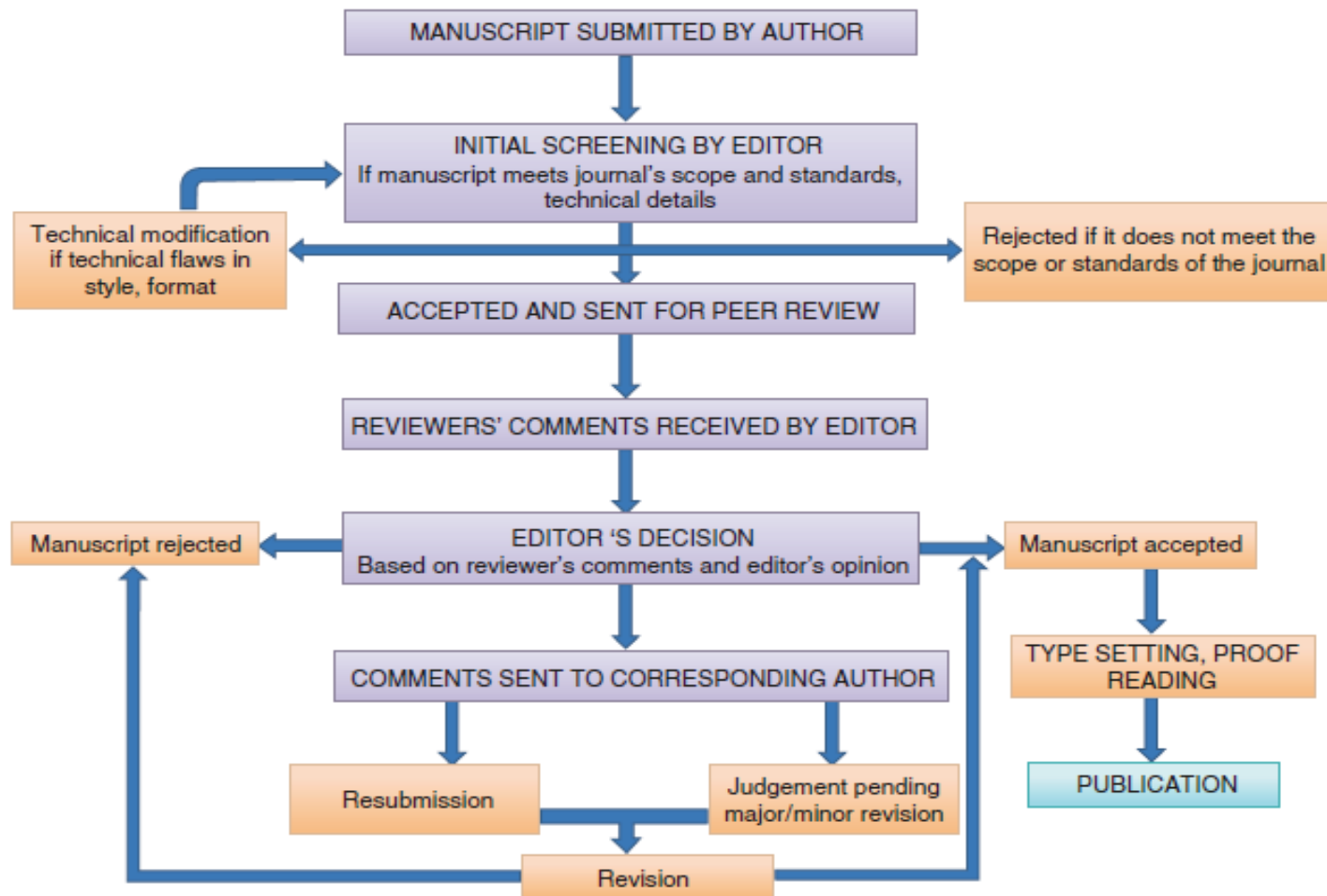


Fig. 15.1 The review process

Publishing Misconduct Including Plagiarism and Permissions

C. Adithan and A. Surendiran

Borrowed thoughts, like borrowed money, only show the poverty of the borrower – Lady Marguerite Blessington

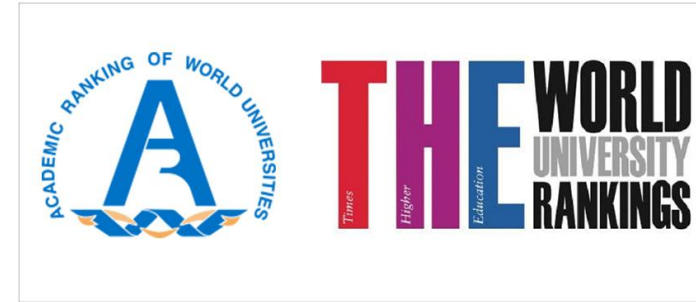
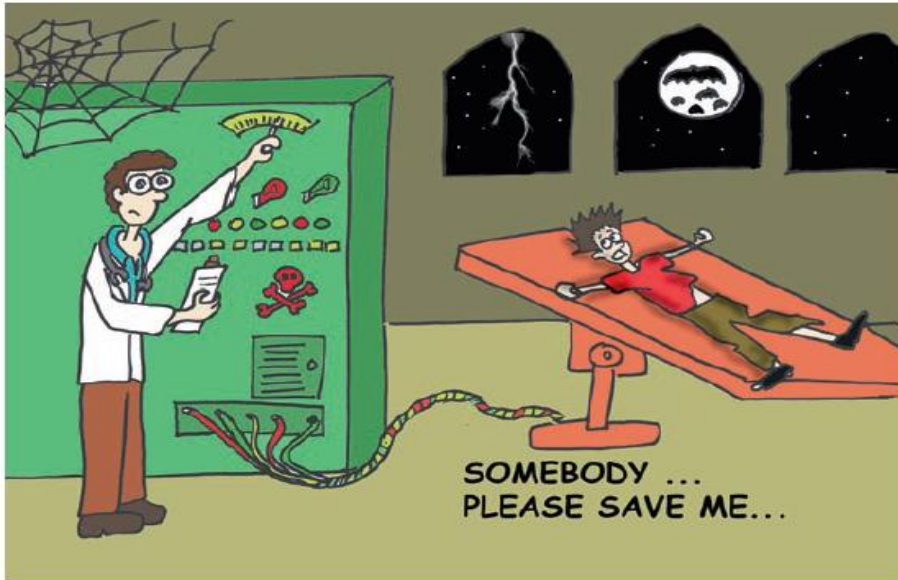


CTRL C+ CTRL V
CTRL C+ CTRL V
CTRL C+ CTRL V
CTRL C+ CTRL V
THIS IS SO MUCH FUN...

Ethical Dilemmas and Etiquettes of Scientific Publication

Subhash Chandra Parija, Jharna Mandal,
Dinoop Korol Poonambath, and Ajay Halder

The medical journals of this country are flooded, as we all know, with immature and sometimes apparently useless publications, and one is sometimes torn between one's desire to keep it down and to let a pupil have the great value to his personality of publishing something. – Elliot Carr Cutler



Las diversas formas de Comunicar Investigación/conocimiento

Es necesario que los estudiantes asuman la responsabilidad en su formación científica.

Por tanto, actividades científicas son complementarias, y deben ser constantes.

Ciencia de frontera, o conocimiento que aun esta en desarrollo, permite la oportunidad ideal para que el estudiante se involucre y asuma su responsabilidad como parte de esta gran comunidad.

Dinámica constante

El trabajo científico, que se da a conocer es el resultado de un trabajo constante,

Saber compartir, defender, discutir, re-pensar,

- Investigar estado del Arte, búsqueda bibliográfica pertinente
- Discutir y tener opinión sobre el tema
- Comunicarlo, en forma escrita y presentación.



¿Cómo fomentar esta actividad?



- Visitas a grupos de Investigación (locales, nacionales, internacionales)
- Entrevistas a Investigadores
- Lectura de Artículos científicos
- Generar búsqueda bibliográfica
- Participación activa en ferias y congresos
- Escritura científica (artículos)
- Formulación de Proyectos
- Participación en Laboratorio científico



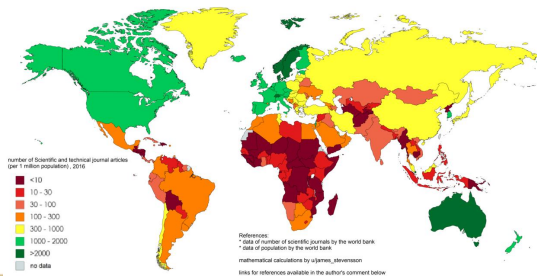
¿Como medir contribución? (Cienciometría)

- Web of Science
- Scopus/Scimago
- Shangai
- Nature Index**



(líder en química 2015-)

- H-factor
- Highly cited researchers
- Top 2% researchers
- Etc...



TOP 10 RESEARCH INSTITUTIONS IN NATURAL AND HEALTH SCIENCES IN 2023

(Ranked according to contribution to papers in the Nature Index database)

1		2243.22	Chinese Academy of Sciences
2		1143.43	Harvard University
3		642.83	Max Planck Society
4		635.81	University of Chinese Academy of Sciences
5		631.20	University of Science and Technology of China
6		617.17	Peking University
7		613.90	French National Centre for Scientific Research

Estrategias de posicionamiento Nacional/Regional/Mundial





Propósito



EN QUÉ CONSISTE EL MÉTODO KAIZEN

El método kaizen es un proceso oriental que invita a los individuos a no afrontar los grandes retos de un intento, sino en base a superar pequeñas metas.

**NO TE INTIMIDES
ANTE UNA
GRAN META...**



**...SI PUEDES DIVIDIRLA
EN PEQUEÑOS
TRIUNFOS**



KAI
改善
CAMBIO

ZEN
善
BUENO

LOS PRINCIPIOS DEL MÉTODO

El poder de una persona se ubica en su **capacidad para superar** la respuesta natural al miedo.



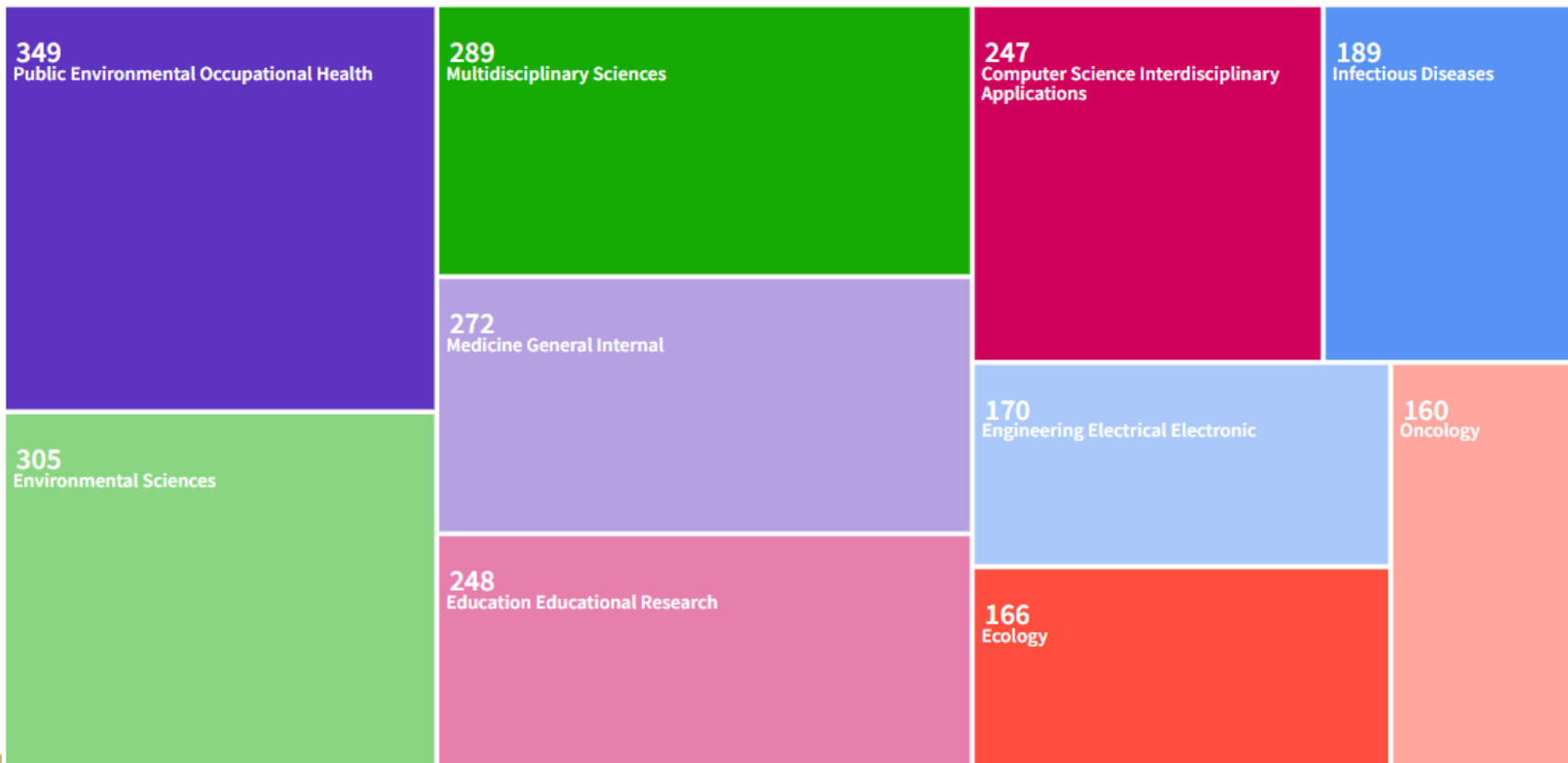
Las pequeñas mejoras **continuas** son más efectivas que un cambio grande que nos pueda superar.

LAS 2 VENTAJAS PRINCIPALES DEL MÉTODO

LOS PEQUEÑOS CAMBIOS IMPLEMENTADOS
ACABAN POR CONVERTIRSE EN
HÁBITOS.



LAS PEQUEÑAS METAS ACUMULADAS
ACABAN POR SER
PERMANENTES



Números



Web of Science Perú 2024: 6669 artículos



Números

Field: Affiliations	Record Count	% of 6669
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL MAYOR DE SAN MARCOS	771	11.561%
PONTIFICIA UNIVERSIDAD CATOLICA DEL PERU	684	10.256%
UNIVERSIDAD PERUANA CAYETANO HEREDIA	623	9.342%
UNIVERSIDAD CIENTIFICA DEL SUR CIENTIFICA	529	7.932%
UNIVERSIDAD SAN IGNACIO DE LOYOLA	361	5.413%
UNIVERSIDAD CESAR VALLEJO	334	5.008%
UNIVERSIDADE DE SAO PAULO	317	4.753%
UNIVERSIDAD PERUANA DE CIENCIAS APLICADAS UPC	288	4.318%
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA SYSTEM	282	4.229%
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DE SAN AGUSTIN DE AREQUIPA	253	3.794%

UNIVERSIDAD CONTINENTAL	242	3.629%
HARVARD UNIVERSITY	232	3.479%
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL AGRARIA LA MOLINA	214	3.209%
UNIVERSIDAD TECNOLOGICA DEL PERU	209	3.134%
SEGURO SOCIAL DE SALUD DEL PERU	208	3.119%
UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM	200	2.999%
UNIVERSITY OF LONDON	193	2.894%
UNIVERSIDAD DE SAN MARTIN DE PORRES	171	2.564%
CENTRE NATIONAL DE LA RECHERCHE SCIENTIFIQUE CNRS	168	2.519%
HARVARD UNIVERSITY MEDICAL AFFILIATES	166	2.489%
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL AUTONOMA DE MEXICO	160	2.399%
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DE TRUJILLO	158	2.369%



UNIVERSIDAD PRIVADA DEL NORTE 158

HARVARD MEDICAL SCHOOL 148

UNIVERSITY NACIONAL DE INGENIERIA LIMA 148

UNIVERSITY OF BUENOS AIRES 141

UNIVERSIDAD RICARDO PALMA 140

UNIVERSIDADE ESTADUAL DE CAMPINAS 136

INSTITUTO NACIONAL DE ENFERMEDADES NEOPLASICAS 132

UNIVERSIDAD PERUANA UNION 131

STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF FLORIDA 122

UNIVERSIDAD DE CHILE 122

UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF OHIO 121

YALE UNIVERSITY 118

UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DEL ALTIPLANO 114

UNIVERSIDAD SENOR DE SIPAN 113

UNIVERSIDAD DE LIMA 112

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY 111

UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL DO RIO GRANDE DO SUL 107

UNIVERSIDAD CATOLICA DE SANTA MARIA 106

CONSEJO NACIONAL DE INVESTIGACIONES CIENTIFICAS Y TECNICAS CONICET 104



Contribución

Metas iniciales



Position	Institution	Share 2023	Share 2024
1	Pontifical Catholic University of Chile (PUC), Chile	12.24	13.92
2	University of Concepción (UdeC), Chile	4.80	12.06
3	Federico Santa María Technical University (UTFSM), Chile	4.70	11.17
4	University of Chile, Chile	14.07	9.36
5	Andres Bello University (UNAB), Chile	6.82	8.57
6	Universidad San Sebastián (USS), Chile	4.46	6.54
7	University of Santiago, Chile (Usach), Chile	7.48	6.43
8	University of Tarapacá (UTA), Chile	2.62	4.98
9	University of Bío-Bío (UBB), Chile	0.24	3.49
10	Catholic University of the North (UCN), Chile	4.50	3.37

2025 Research Leaders: Leading academic institutions

The 2025 Research Leaders are based on Nature Index data from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024.

13	Universidad Autónoma de Chile (UA), Chile	1.42	2.34
31	Universidad Autónoma de Chile (UA), Chile	0.34	0.56

2025 Research Leaders: Leading academic institutions in chemistry

The 2025 Research Leaders are based on Nature Index data from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024.

nature index



Subject

■ Biological sciences ■ Physical sciences

■ Chemistry ■ Health sciences

Position	Institution	Share 2023	Share 2024
1	Andres Bello University (UNAB), Chile	1.12	2.14
2	University of Santiago, Chile (Usach), Chile	1.61	1.77
3	Universidad San Sebastián (USS), Chile	1.39	1.27
4	University of Chile, Chile	2.70	1.26
5	University of Concepción (UdeC), Chile	0.06	1.01
6	Pontifical Catholic University of Chile (PUC), Chile	0.30	0.56
7	Federico Santa María Technical University (UTFSM), Chile	0.50	0.50
8	Universidad Autónoma de Chile (UA), Chile	0.17	0.34
9	University of Antofagasta, Chile	0.17	0.33
10	Universidad Arturo Prat (UNAP), Chile	0.33	0.22

2025 Research Leaders: Leading academic institutions in chemistry

The 2025 Research Leaders are based on Nature Index data from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024.

nature index

▼ Inorganic Chemistry 2 1.07

[Conflicting Aromaticity in Trirhodium\(I\) Rosarin](#)

2024-06-05

0.07

[\[Ba₄@Sn₅₆\]36⁻ as a Main-Group Second-Order Superatom. Interpenetrated Dodecahedrons as a Three-Dimensional Cluster-of-Clusters Structure](#)

2024-05-08

1

▼ Journal of High Energy Physics 9 3.66

▼ Journal of the American Chemical Society 2 0.33

[\[Co₃@Ge₆Sn₁₈\]5⁻: A Giant \$\sigma\$ -Aromatic Cluster Analogous to H₃⁺ and Li₃⁺](#)

2025-03-05

0.13

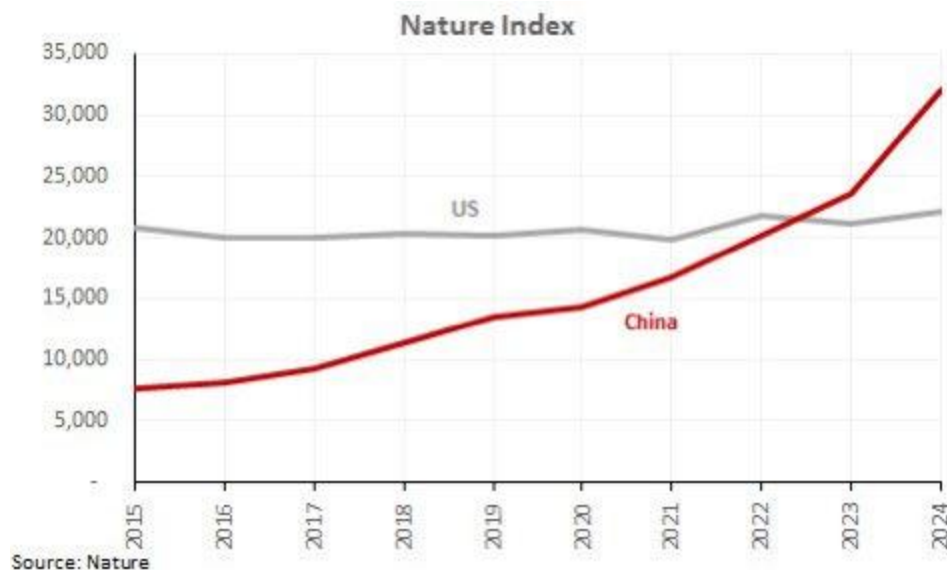
[\[K₂\(Bi@Pd₁₂@Bi₂₀\)\]4⁻: An Endohedral Inorganic Fullerene with Spherical Aromaticity](#)

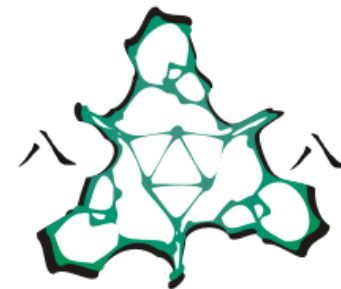
2024-05-08

0.2

Nature Index: University Ranking

1	Harvard University	USA
2	University of Science and Technology of China (USTC)	China
3	Zhejiang University (ZJU)	China
4	Peking University (PKU)	China
5	University of Chinese Academy of Sciences (UCAS)	China
6	Tsinghua University	China
7	Shanghai Jiao Tong University (SJTU)	China
8	Nanjing University (NJU)	China
9	Fudan University	China
10	Sun Yat-sen University (SYSU)	China
11	Sichuan University (SCU)	China
12	Stanford University	USA
13	Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)	USA
14	Jilin University (JLU)	China
15	Shandong University (SDU)	China
16	Nankai University (NKU)	China
17	University of Oxford	UK
18	Wuhan University (WHU)	China
19	Huazhong University of Science and Technology (HUST)	China
20	Soochow University	China





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Thanks for your attention,

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SAN SEBASTIAN
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